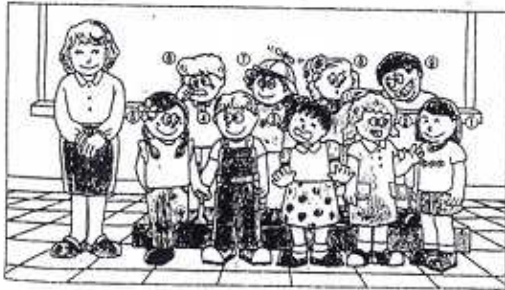


答えはすべて解答用紙に記入しなさい。

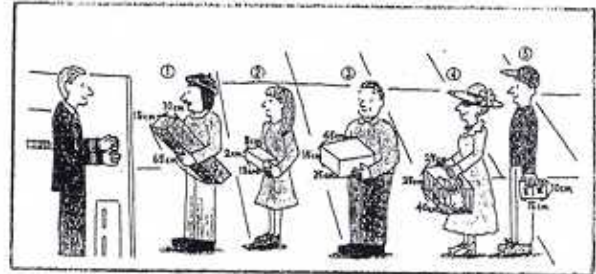
I. 英語リスニングテスト

Part 1. No.1 / No. 2 / No. 3 / No. 4 / No.5

Part 2. (1)



(2)



No. 1 (a) (b) (c) (d) / No. 2 (a) (b) (c) (d)

No. 3 (a) (b) (c) (d) / No. 4 (a) (b) (c) (d) / No. 5 (a) (b) (c) (d)

Part 3.



- | | | | | |
|------|----------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|
| No.1 | (a) She is a teacher | (b) She is his wife | (c) She is an artist | (d) She is a doctor |
| No.2 | (a) New York | (b) San Francisco | (c) Seattle | (d) Tokyo |
| No.3 | (a) Bob's mother | (b) Bob's daughter, Mary | (c) Carol, Bob's sister | (d) Ms Watanabe |
| No.4 | (a) 6 | (b) 8 | (c) 9 | (d) A year |
| No.5 | (a) Bob's friends | (b) Bob's family | (c) Bob's job | (d) Bob |

II. () に適する語を下から選んで、番号で答えなさい。

- "I want to see your pictures of the school trip." "OK. I'll () them next time."
① stand ② bring ③ learn ④ teach
- "() I help you?" -- "Yes, please."
① May ② Must ③ Should ④ Will
- The bus will () for Osaka at three o'clock this afternoon.
① leave ② take ③ go ④ work
- My sister () to me about her stay in Australia.
① tried ② taught ③ told ④ talked
- "I like to go skiing." -- "Me, too. It's a lot of ()."
① time ② snow ③ fun ④ money

Ⅲ. 次の英文を読んで質問に答えなさい。

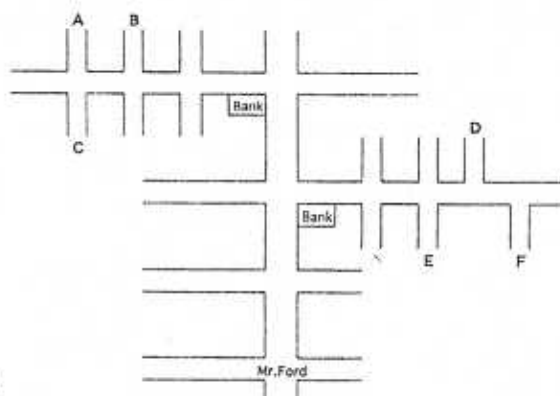
Yesterday Mr. Ford ①[say] to himself, "I haven't ②[meet] my brother for a long time. He is ③[live] in a new house. I'm going to drive there and see him this afternoon." He ④[take] his brother's address, got into his car and started out.

After driving for a few minutes, he didn't know where he was. Just then an old gentleman came along, so he asked the man, "How can I get to Rose Street?" The man said, "Go straight for three blocks. On the left corner is a bank. Turn left at the corner. Go straight, and take the third road on the right. That is Rose Street."

He ⑤[go] straight for three blocks, turned left, and he was lost again. When he got to the road on his right, a woman came to him. He asked the woman, "Excuse me, is this the third road on the right?"

The woman said to him, "[⑤]."

1. ①～⑤の [] 内の語を適当な形にしなさい。
2. ⑤の [] に入るものを次から選んで、番号で答えなさい。
 - (1) Yes, I do.
 - (2) Yes, it isn't.
 - (3) No, this wasn't.
 - (4) Pardon? What did you say?
 - (5) Where is it?
3. 本文の内容に一致するものを2つ選び、番号で答えなさい。
 - (1) Mr. Ford wanted to visit his brother's new house.
 - (2) Mr. Ford started for his brother's house by car.
 - (3) The old gentleman didn't tell him the road right away.
 - (4) The woman knew the road very well.
 - (5) Mr. Ford could reach his brother's house.
4. Mr. Ford の目的地である Rose Street は、右の地図のどこになりますか。記号を解答用紙に書きなさい。

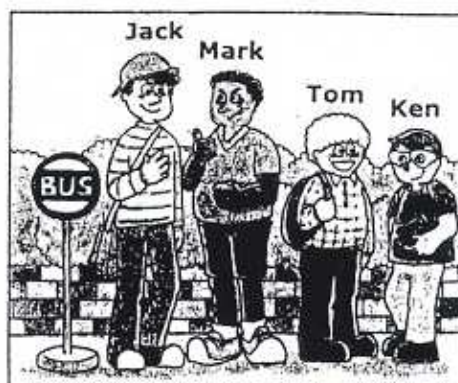


Ⅳ. 日本語の意味に合うように、[]内の語句を並べかえて文にしなさい。解答用紙には並べかえた部分のみ書くこと。

- | | |
|--|---------------------------|
| 1. Koji [as / as / not / drive / slowly / does] Lisa. | 浩二はリサほどゆっくり運転しません。 |
| 2. I [how / know / to / this machine / use]. | わたしはこの機械の使い方を知っています。 |
| 3. [me / hard / understand / is / to / for / it] Japanese. | 日本語を理解するのは私にとって大変です。 |
| 4. Do you have [taken / about / the / 10 years ago / picture]? | あなたは約10年前にとられた写真を持っていますか。 |
| 5. This is [in / bought / a book / the U.S. / I]. | これはわたしがアメリカ合衆国で買った本です。 |

Ⅴ. 下の絵について英語で説明しなさい。なお、[]内に示された語を必ず用い、英文は5文以上書くこと。

[bus / glasses / taller]



VI. 次の英文を読んで質問に答えなさい。

Around 1866, a poor family lived near a river in South Africa. One day the children, two boys, were playing in the river. One of them saw a stone on the bank. It looked like a big piece of glass. It was shining *brightly. "Look! There is a very beautiful stone here," he said. [ア] The other boy came up to his brother and said, "Wow, ①this is () () beautiful stone that I () ever seen!" The children picked it up and took it home. ②They showed it to their mother. She said it was very beautiful. [イ]

The next day she showed the beautiful stone to her friend. He said he liked it very much and wanted to buy it. The children and their mother were surprised to hear ③that. Nobody sold stones! So they gave it to him *for free. [ウ] Her friend looked at the stone carefully and found that it was a large diamond! At that time, ④I were / knew / in / there / nobody / diamonds] South Africa. [エ]

Several years later, a boy who was taking care of sheep found another big diamond near a different river. ⑤It was [big] than the first one. It was 83.5 *carats! People called it "the Star of South Africa."

Today most of the diamonds in the world come from South Africa and other African countries. The children found ⑥the first one along the river, but African diamonds are *no longer found in rivers. They come from deep under ground. They cannot be found very often, so they are very expensive. Because they bring a lot of money, people in Africa often fight over them. ⑦How sad it is! Beautiful diamonds sometimes make people very *ugly.

Diamonds are a large business in South Africa. ⑧It all started when some children saw a bright stone along the river. The stone was named EUREKA. It means "I've found it!" in *Greek. You can see the stone at a museum in South Africa. The word "diamond" also comes from Greek. It means "*unbreakable". Diamonds got their name because they are so hard.

(注) brightly: 明るく for free: ただで carat: カラット(ダイヤモンドの大きさ) no longer ~: もはや〜でない
ugly: 醜(みにくい) Greek: ギリシア語 unbreakable: こわれにくい

- 下線部①が次のような意味になるように () に入る語を答えなさい。
「これは僕が今まで見た中で最も美しい石だ!」
- 下線部②を they と it が表すものを明確にして日本語にしなさい。
- 下線部③④の表す内容を日本語で説明しなさい。
- 下線部④の [] 内の語を正しい語順に並べかえなさい。
- 下線部⑤の [] の語を正しい形にしなさい。
- 下線部⑥の中の one は何を表すか、英語 1 語で答えなさい。
- 下線部⑦の理由を次から選んで番号で答えなさい。
 - ダイヤモンドがアフリカでしか取れないから
 - ダイヤモンドがもう川では取れないから
 - ダイヤモンドの値段が高すぎるから
 - ダイヤモンドをめぐって争いが起きるから
- 次の文が入るのに最も適当な場所を [ア] ~ [エ] から選んで、それぞれ記号で答えなさい。
 - But it was just a stone.
 - But it was not just a beautiful stone.
- 本文の内容と一致するものには○、一致しないものには×を解答用紙に書きなさい。
 - One day the children were happy to find a large diamond in the river.
 - The children and their mother didn't know the stone was a diamond.
 - If you go to Africa, you can find diamonds easily.
 - The beautiful stone found by the children is at a museum in South Africa.